# **EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE**

## PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THIS PROJECT CONSISTS OF THE REHABILITATION AND/OR REPLACEMENT OF APPROXIMATELY 1,570 LF OF EXISTING 10", 15" AND 18" VCP AND 24" CONC SEWER ALONG WITH THE REHABILITATION AND/OR REPLACEMENT OF 8 SEWER MANHOLES.

## **EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS:**

EXISTING CONDITIONS ARE SHOWN ON THE ATTACHED PLAN SHEETS

#### ADJACENT PROPERTY:

OWNERSHIP, TAX MAP NUMBER, RELEVANT EASEMENT REFERENCES, STREAMS AND ROADS ARE SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHEETS FOR EACH ADJACENT AND/OR AFFECTED PROPERTY.

## OFF-SITE AREAS:

THIS PROJECT WILL RESULT IN EXCAVATED MATERIALS BEING HAULED FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE TO AN OFF-SITE LOCATION AS DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE LOCATION OF ALL OFF-SITE FILL, BORROW, AND/OR STAGING AREAS ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE WVWA BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO THE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. AN ESC PLAN OR MEASURES MAY BE REQUIRED FOR THESE AREAS.

### SOILS:

THE FOLLOWING SOILS INFORMATION IS ACCORDING TO THE SCS SOILS INFORMATION FROM THE NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY:
- 6C - CHISWELL-LITZ-URBAN LAND COMPLEX, 2-15% SLOPES

- 53 - URBAN LAND

## CRITICAL EROSION AREAS:

EARLY ESTABLISHMENT AND PROPER MAINTENANCE OF PERIMETER CONTROLS WILL PROVIDE SEDIMENTATION CONTROL. STABILIZE AND MAINTAIN DITCHES AND FILL SLOPES THROUGHOUT PROJECT CONSTRUCTION TO CONTROL EROSION.

## STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

SILT FENCE - 3.05: SILT FENCE SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED DOWNSLOPE OF AREAS WITH MINIMAL GRADES TO FILTER SEDIMENT-LADEN RUNOFF FROM SHEET FLOW AS INDICATED.

STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION - 3.07: STONE FILTERS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE INLET OF ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES AS INDICATED.

## VEGETATIVE PRACTICES

TEMPORARY SEEDING - 3.31: ALL DENUDED AREAS WHICH WILL BE LEFT DORMANT FOR MORE THAN 30 DAYS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH FAST GERMINATING TEMPORARY VEGETATION IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING GRADING OF THOSE AREAS. SELECTION OF THE SEED MIXTURE SHALL DEPEND ON THE TIME OF YEAR IT IS APPLIED.

PERMANENT SEEDING-3.32: ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER BY PLACING SEED ON ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE FOR A YEAR OR MORE.

MULCHING - 3.35: APPLICATION OF PLANT RESIDUES OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS TO DISTURBED SURFACES TO PREVENT EROSION AND REDUCE OVERLAND FLOW VELOCITIES.

## PERMANENT STABILIZATION

ALL NON-PAVED AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEEDING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING FINISH GRADING. SEEDING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STD. & SPEC. 3.32, PERMANENT SEEDING. SEED TYPE SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED FOR "MINIMUM CARE LAWNS" AND "GENERAL SLOPES" IN THE HANDBOOK. MULCH (STRAW OR FIBER) SHALL BE USED ON ALL SEEDED SURFACES. IN ALL SEEDING OPERATIONS SEED, FERTILIZER AND LIME SHALL BE APPLIED PRIOR TO MULCHING.

## MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

- 1. CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING OPERATIONS CAN BEGIN AND END AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.
- 2. ISOLATE TRENCHING FOR UTILITIES AND DRAINAGE FROM DOWNSTREAM CONVEYANCES IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE PERIMETER CONTROLS.
- 3. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF ACHIEVING FINAL GRADE.
- 4. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THEY ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR STATE LAW. ONLY AFTER INSPECTION AND APPROVAL FROM WVWA MAY ITEMS BE REMOVED FOLLOWING THE STABILIZATION OF CONTRIBUTING AREAS.

# INSPECTIONS

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT DISTURBED AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED, AND AREAS USED FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION, STRUCTURAL CONTROL MEASURES, AND THE AREA OF CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS AT LEAST EVERY FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS, AND WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM EVENT PRODUCING 1/2" OR GREATER OF PRECIPITATION. WHERE AREAS HAVE BEEN FINALLY OR TEMPORARILY STABILIZED OR RUNOFF IS UNLIKELY DUE TO WINTER CONDITIONS (SITE IS COVERED WITH SNOW, ICE, OR FROZEN GROUND EXISTS) SUCH INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT LEAST ONCE EVERY MONTH.

INSPECT DISTURBED AREAS AND AREAS OF MATERIALS STORAGE THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION FOR EVIDENCE OF, OR THE POTENTIAL FOR SEDIMENT ENTERING THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. INSPECT E&S CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS STATED HEREIN, AND INSPECT POINTS OF STORM DRAIN DISCHARGE FOR EXCESSIVE SEDIMENTATION. CORRECT SITE CONTROLS AS REQUIRED TO REDUCE SEDIMENTATION OF STORM DRAINS, CULVERTS, AND RECEIVING CHANNELS.

IF CONTROLS OR SEDIMENT PREVENTION AREAS ARE FOUND TO BE IN NEED OF REPAIR OR MODIFICATION, THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING MEASURES AS REQUIRED. ANY ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING MEASURES SHALL BE RECORDED AS FIELD REVISIONS TO THESE PLANS. IN THE EVENT THAT ADDITIONAL CONTROLS ARE FOUND TO BE REQUIRED, THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING THESE CONTROLS BEFORE THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT. IF IMPLEMENTATION BEFORE THE NEXT STORM EVENT IS IMPRACTICAL, THEY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL.

A REPORT SUMMARIZING THE SCOPE OF INSPECTIONS, NAME OF INSPECTOR, INSPECTOR'S QUALIFICATIONS, DATES OF INSPECTIONS, MAJOR OBSERVATIONS PERTAINING TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE EROSION CONTROL PLANS, AND ACTIONS TAKEN SHALL BE MADE AND RETAINED AS A PART OF THESE PLANS. MAJOR OBSERVATIONS OF THESE REPORTS SHALL INCLUDE: THE LOCATIONS OF EXCESSIVE SEDIMENTATION FROM THE SITE; LOCATIONS OF CONTROLS IN NEED OF REPAIR; LOCATIONS OF FAILED OR INADEQUATE CONTROLS; AND LOCATIONS WHERE ADDITIONAL CONTROLS ARE NEEDED.

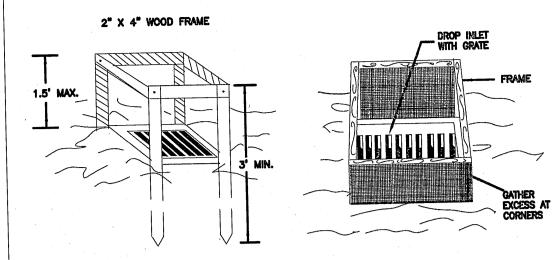
# GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

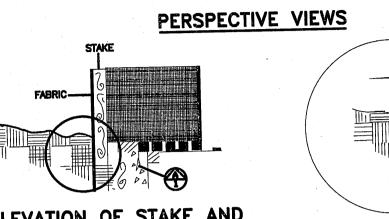
accordance with the applicable criteria.

- ES-1: UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES ACCORDING TO MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, AND VIRGINIA REGULATIONS VR 625-02-00 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REGULATIONS.
- ES-2: WVWA INSPECTORS WILL MAKE A CONTINUING REVIEW AND EVALUATION OF THE METHODS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF THE E.S.C. PLAN.
- ES-3: PLACE ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PRIOR TO OR AS THE FIRST STEP IN CLEARING, GRADING, OR LAND DISTURBANCE.
- ES-4: MAINTAIN A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- ES-5: PRIOR TO COMMENCING LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES IN AREAS OTHER THAN INDICATED ON THESE PLANS (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, OFFSITE BORROW OR WASTE AREA), SUBMIT A SUPPLEMENTARY EROSION CONTROL PLAN TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER FOR REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE.
- ES-6: PROVIDE ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES NECESSARY TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION AS DETERMINED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.
- ES-7: ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL DRAIN TO APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AT ALL TIMES DURING LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND DURING SITE DEVELOPMENT.
- ES-8: DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS, PUMP WATER INTO AN APPROVED FILTERING DEVICE.
- ES-9: INSPECT ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES DAILY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF-PRODUCING RAINFALL EVENT. MAKE ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS OR CLEANUP TO MAINTAIN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES IMMEDIATELY.

### MINIMUM STANDARDS The following standards are to be provided or addressed on every development project exceeding 10,000 S.F. in area of disturbance. These standards are considered a minimum and may require additional measures as deemed necessary by the local approving authority or the consulting engineer. PRACTICES PROVIDED CRITERIA, TECHNIQUE OR METHOD Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied to denuded areas within seven (7) days after final grade has been reached on any portion of the site. Temporary soil stabilization shall be applied within seven (7) days to denuded areas that may be at final grade but will remain dormant (undisturbed) for longer than thirty (30) days. Permanent stabilization shall be applied to areas that are FOR ALL DENUDED AREAS to be left dormant for more than one (1) year. TS PS MU During construction of the project, soil stockpiles shall be stabilized or protected with sediment trapping measures. The contractor is responsible for the temporary protection and permanent stabilization of all soil stockpiles on site as well as soil intentionally transported FOR PROVIDED STOCKPILE A permanent vegetative cover shall be established on denuded areas not otherwise permanently stabilized. Permanent vegetation shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved that, in the opinion of the WVWA, is uniform, mature enough to survive FOR ALL DENUDED AREAS Sediment basins and traps, perimeter dikes, sediment barriers and other measures intended to trap sediment shall be constructed as a first step in any land-disturbing activity and shall be made functional before upslope land disturbance takes place. FOR ALL DRAINAGE DIVIDES Stabilization methods shall be applied to earthen structures such as dams, dikes and diversions immediately after installation. FOR ALL EARTHEN STRUCTURES 6 Sediment traps and basins shall be designed and constructed based upon the total drainage area to be served by the trap or basin. SEE SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS Cut and fill slopes shall be constructed in a manner that will minimize erosion. Slopes that are found to be eroding excessively within one (1) year of permanent stabilization shall be provided with additional slope stabilization measures until the problem is corrected. FOR ALL ERODING SLOPES Concentrated runoff shall not flow down cut or fill slopes unless contained within an adequate temporary or permanent channel, flume or SHOULD SEEPS OCCUR IN ANY EXISTING OR NEW CUT OR FILL SLOPE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIRST INSURE THAT THERE ARE NOT AREAS OF PONDED WATER AT THE TOPS OF THE SLOPES, AND THEN SHALL CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER FOR ON—SITE EVALUATION OF THE AREAS OF SEEPAGE. Whenever water seeps from a slope face, adequate drainage or other protection shall be provided. All storm sewer inlets that are made operable during construction shall be protected so that sediment-laden water cannot enter the conveyance system without first being filtered or otherwise treated to remove sediment. FOR ALL STORM WATER INTAKES Before newly constructed stormwater conveyance channels are made operational, adequate outlet protection and any required temporary or permanent channel lining shall be installed in both the conveyance channel and receiving channel. FOR ALL STORMWATER OUTLETS When work in a live watercourse is performed, precautions shall be taken to minimize encroachment, control sediment transport and SF stabilize the work area to the greatest extent possible during construction. Nonerodible material shall be used for the construction of FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE causeways and cofferdams. Earthen fill may be used for these structures if armored by nonerodible cover materials. NATURAL WATERCOURSE When a live watercourse must be crossed by construction vehicles more than twice in any six (6) month period, a temporary stream PERMANENT CROSSING crossing constructed of nonerodible material. All applicable federal, state and local regulations pertaining to working in or crossing live watercourses shall be met. The beds and TS PS MU banks of any watercourse shall be stabilized immediately after work in the watercourse is completed. The beds and banks of a watercourse shall be stabilized immediately after work in the watercourse is completed. Underground utility lines shall be installed in accordance with the following standards in addition to other applicable criteria: 1) No more than 500 linear feet of any trench may be opened at one time. 2) Excavated material shall be placed on the uphill side of trenches. 3) Effluent from dewatering operations shall be filtered or passed through an approved sediment trapping device, or both, and discharged NOT APPLICABLE in a manner that does not adversely affect flowing streams or off-site property. 4) Material used for backfilling trenches shall be properly compacted in order to minimize erosion and promote stabilization. 5) Restabilization shall be accomplished in accordance with these regulations. 6) Applicable safety regulations shall be complied with. Where construction vehicle access routes intersect paved or public roads, provisions shall be made to minimize the transport of sediment by vehicular tracking onto the paved surface. Where sediment is transported onto a paved or public road surface, the road surface shall be cleaned thoroughly at the end of each day. Sediment shall be removed from the roads by shoveling or sweeping and FOR ALL POINTS OF transported to a sediment control disposal area. Street washing shall be allowed only after sediment is removed in this manner. INGRESS/EGRESS All temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be removed within thirty (30) days after final site stabilization or after the temporary measures are no longer needed, unless otherwise authorized by the local program administrator. Trapped sediment and the disturbed soil areas resulting from the disposition of temporary measures shall be permanently stabilized to prevent further erosion and Properties and waterways downstream from development sites shall be protected from sediment deposition, erosion and damage due SELF-EXPLANATORY to increases in volume, velocity and peak flow rate of stormwater runoff for the stated frequency storm of 24-hour duration in SEE PLANS & CALC'S

# SILT FENCE DROP INLET PROTECTION





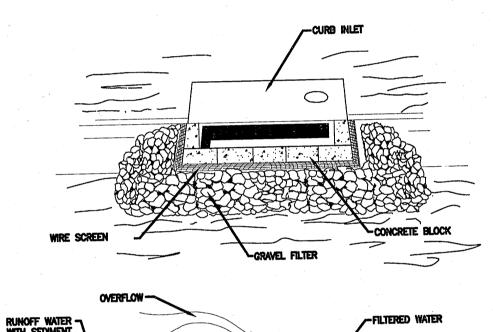
ELEVATION OF STAKE AND FABRIC ORIENTATION

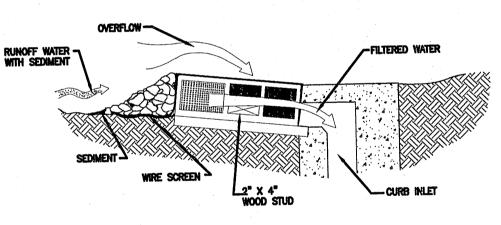
SPECIFIC APPLICATION

THIS METHOD OF INLET PROTECTION IS APPLICABLE WHERE THE INLET DRAINS A RELATIVELY FLAT AREA (SLOPE NO GREATER THAN 5%) WHERE THE INLET SHEET OR OVERLAND FLOWS (NOT EXCEEDING 1 C.F.S.) ARE TYPICAL. THE METHOD SHALL NOT APPLY TO INLETS RECEIVING CONCENTRATED FLOWS, SUCH AS IN STREET OR HIGHWAY MEDIANS.

DETAIL A

BLOCK AND GRAVEL CURB INLET SEDIMENT FILTER





SPECIAL APPLICATION

THIS METHOD OF INLET PROTECTION IS APPLICABLE AT CURB INLETS WHERE AN OVERFLOW CAPABILITY IS NECESSARY TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE PONDING IN FRONT OF THE STRUCTURE.

• GRAVEL SHALL BE VDOT #3, #357 OR #5 COARSE AGGREGATE

Douglas B. Hudgins
Lie. No. 034694
O4/14/13

Services
nond, VA
ottesville, VA
ott

per Aden Associates

gineering · Surveying · Environmental Services

th Main Street

Charlottesville, VA

Engineering • Surveying South Main Street
Blacksburg, VA 24060
Blacksburg, VA 24060

1901 Innovation Drive, Suite 2100 Blacksburg, VA 24060 Main: (540) 552-5548 • www.chacompanies.com

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
NARRATIVE AND DETAILS
WESTERN VIRGINIA WATER AUTHORITY FY
CWRLF COLLECTION SYSTEM PROJECTS
ALBEMARLE AVENUE SEWER REPLACEMEN
ROANOKE, VIRGINIA

DESIGNED BY:

RAWN BY

BSR
HECKED BY:
DBH
CALE:

AS NOTED

04/14/13 OJECT NUMBER: 24495.1001 (CHA) B11132B-04X (DAA)

ES-201