PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO CONSTRUCT AN ADDITION TO EXISTING HOUSE AND PARKING LOCATED IN ROANOKE COUNTY, VIRGINIA OFF STARKEY ROAD.

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS THE EXISTING SITE CONSISTS OF AN EXISTING HOUSE AND DRIVE WAY. THE SITE TOWARD THE FRONT OF THE SITE TO STARKEY ROAD AND SLOPES TOWARD THE REAR TO AN EXISTING DRAINAGE CHANNEL.

ADJACENT AREAS SEE PLAN AND PROFILE SHEETS FOR ADJACENT AREAS.

SOIL ON THIS SITE ARE EDGEMONT CHANNERY SANDY LOAM. THEY SLOPE 7 TO 15%, VERY DEEP, AND WELL DRAINED. THE SOIL HAVE A MEDIUM EROSION POTENTIAL. AND A LOW SHRINK SWELL POTENTIAL.

CRITICAL EROSION AREAS THE POTENTIAL CRITICAL EROSION AREAS ARE: 1. RUN-OFF TO REAR DRAINAGE CHANNEL.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, ALL VEGETATIVE AND

STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO THE MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE "VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK", LATEST EDITION.

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

2. RUN-OFF TO STARKEY RD.

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (SECTION 3.02) ONE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSTALLED TO LIMIT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC ROADS. SHOULD TRACKING OCCUR THE ROAD WILL BE IMMEDIATELY CLEANED.

SILT FENCE (SECTION 3.05) TEMPORARY SILT FENCES WILL BE INSTALLED AS INDICATED ON THE SITE PLAN. AFTER EVERY RUNOFF PRODUCING RAINFALL THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSPECTED AND REPAIRED AS NEEDED.

VEGETATIVE PRACTICES

TEMPORARY SEEDING (SECT. 3.31) ALL DENUDED AREAS WHICH WILL BE LEFT DORMANT FOR MORE THAN 30 DAYS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH FAST GERMINATING TEMPORARY VEGETATION IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING GRADING. SELECTION OF THE SEED MIXTURE WILL DEPEND ON THE TIME OF YEAR IT IS APPLIED.

PERMANENT SEEDING (SECTION 3.32) AFTER FINAL GRADING PERMANENT SEEDING WILL BE EMPLOYED TO ALL DENUDED AREAS TO REDUCE EROSION AND SEDIMENT YIELD.

MULCHING (SECTION 3.35)

MULCH SHALL BE USED OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AND SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.35 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST

MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

CONSTRUCTION SHOULD BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING OPERATIONS CAN BEGIN AND END AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE.

. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS THE FIRST STEP OF CONSTRUCTION.

AREAS WHICH ARE NOT TO BE DISTURBED SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED BY FLAGS, SIGNS, ETC.

PRIOR TO ANY WORK BEING PERFORMED ON THE PROPOSED PROJECT, A TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED OFF OF THE EXISTING PAVEMENT. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE COMPOSED OF GRADED 3" STONE TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 6". THE ENTRANCE SHALL ALSO RUN FOR A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF NOT LESS THAN 70' BACK FROM THE EXISTING PAVEMENT EDGES. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE CONTINUALLY MAINTAINED, INSPECTED, REPAIRED, OR OTHERWISE KEPT IN GOOD FUNCTIONAL ORDER THROUGHOUT THE EXTENT OF THE WORK ON THE SITE.

REGARDLESS OF FUTURE DEVELOPMENT PLANS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THIS WORK SHALL BE COORDINATED IN ORDER OF THE WORK WHICH IS TO FOLLOW: CONTROL AT CENTERS OF FLOW. AND OTHER POINTS OF CONCENTRATION SHOWN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN PLACE FIRST.

AFTER THE INSTALLED CONTROL DEVICES ARE FOUND TO BE FUNCTIONAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY PROCEED WITH CLEARING, GRUBBING, AND PRELIMINARY GRADING OPERATIONS. ALL EXPOSED DENUDED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS AFTER FINAL GRADING. AND SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE "VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK", LATEST EDITION.

'. IN GENERAL, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL. IN PARTICULAR:

A. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION TO PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOW OF MUD ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAYS.

ALL SILT FENCE BARRIERS AND INLET PROTECTIONS SHALL BE CHECKED REGULARLY FOR UNDERMINING AND SEDIMENT

C. ALL SEEDED AREAS WILL BE CHECKED REGULARLY TO SEE THAT A GOOD STAND IS MAINTAINED. AREAS SHALL BE FERTILIZED AND RESEEDED AS NEEDED.

8. FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF DEVELOPMENT AND STABILIZATION OF ALL AREAS. AND AFTER IT HAS BEEN DETERMINED THAT EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION IS NO LONGER OCCURRING ON THE SITE OR AT ITS BOUNDARIES AND THAT DRAINAGE FLOWS ARE FUNCTIONING ACCORDING TO DESIGN. THE CONTRACTOR MAY THEN BEGIN TO REMOVE THE TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. THIS WORK SHALL BE DONE IN A CAREFUL, NEAT, ORGANIZED

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEEDING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING FINISH GRADING. SEEDING SHALL BE DONE WITH KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE ACCORDING TO STD. & SPEC. 3.32, PERMANENT SEEDING. OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS WILL BE INSTALLED OVER FILL SLOPES WHICH HAVE BEEN BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE AND HAVE BEEN SEEDED TO PROTECT THE SLOPES FROM RILL AND GULLY EROSION AND TO ALLOW SEED TO GERMINATE PROPERLY. MULCH (STRAW OR FIBER) WILL BE USED ON RELATIVELY FLAT AREAS. IN ALL SEEDING OPERATIONS, SEED, FERTILIZER AND LIME WILL BE APPLIED PRIOR TO MULCHING.

IN GENERAL, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE CHECKED DAILY AND AFTER EACH SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL. ANY ITEMS NOT FOUND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK WILL BE IMMEDIATELY REPLACED AND/OR REPAIRED. THE FOLLOWING ITEMS WILL BE CHECKED IN PARTICULAR:

SEE INDIVIDUAL DETAILS FOR DETAILED MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS.

GENERAL

THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS ARE THE MINIMUM MEASURES REQUIRED. DUE TO CONSTRUCTION PHASING AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ALL MEASURES CAN NOT BE SHOWN. THE OWNER, THROUGH HIS CONTRACTOR, WILL EMPLOY WHATEVER MEASURES WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED TO ASSURE THAT SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF DOES NOT LEAVE THE SITE.

ALL MATERIALS AND MEASURES EMPLOYED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION.

IF, DURING CONSTRUCTION, ADDITIONAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE DEEMED NECESSARY, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER, ENGINEER OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENT.

THIS PROJECT IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED CONSISTENT WITH THE LATEST VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REGULATIONS.

MINIMUM CARE LAWN

- KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS

- KENTUCKY 31 FESCUE

- KENTUCKY 31 FESCUE

- RED TOP GRASS

- RED TOP GRASS

- CROWNVETCH (**)

- COMMERCIAL OR RESIDENTIAL

HIGH MAINTENANCE LAWN

- SEASONAL NURSE CROP (*)

- SEASONAL NURSE CROP (*)

FËBRUARY 16 THROUGH APRIL..

AUGUST 16 THROUGH OCTOBER...

MAY 1 THROUGH AUGUST 15...

SEEDBED REQUIREMENTS

WOULD BE REQUIRED.

STRUCTURE IS ALSO FAVORABLE.

- IMPROVED PERENNIAL RYEGRASS

GENERAL SLOPE (3:1 OR LESS)

- KENTUCKY 31 OR TURK-TYPE TALL FESCUE

- KENTUCKY 31 OR TURF-TYPE TALL FESCUE

LOW MAINTENANCE SLOPE (STEEPER THAN 3:1)

NOVEMBER THROUGH FEBRUARY 15...... WINTER RYE

TEMPORARY SEEDING

1 SEPTEMBER TO 15 FEBRUARY ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 25 LB-50 LB / ACRE CEREAL (WINTER) RYE @ 25 LB-50 LB / ACRE

16 FEBRUARY TO 30 APRIL ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 60 LB-100 LB / ACRE

MAY 1 TO 31 AUGUST GERMAN MILLET @ 50 LB / ACRE

1 SEPTEMBER TO 15 OCTOBER K-31 FESCUE @ 5 LB / 1000 SF ANNUAL RYE @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF

PH BELOW 4.2 - 3 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE PH 4.2 TO 5.2 — 2 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE PH 5.2 TO 6 - 1 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE

10-20-10 @ 600 LB / ACRE

SHALL BE USED OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AND SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.35 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION.

SURFACE ROUGHENING:

IF THE AREA HAS BEEN RECENTLY LOOSENED OR DISTURBED, NO FURTHER ROUGHENING IS REQUIRED. WHEN THE AREA IS COMPACTED. CRUSTED, OR HARDENED, THE SOIL SURFACE SHALL BE LOOSENED BY DISCING, RAKING, HARROWING, OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS (SEE SURFACE ROUGHING, IN VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK STD. & SPEC. 3.29).

TRACKING WITH BULLDOZER CLEATS IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON SANDY SOILS. THIS PRACTICE OFTEN CAUSES UNDUE COMPACTION OF THE SOIL SURFACE, ESPECIALLY IN CLAYEY SOILS, AND DOES NOT AID PLANT GROWTH AS EFFECTIVELY AS OTHER METHODS OF SURFACE ROUGHENING.

SEED SHALL BE EVENLY APPLIED WITH A BROADCAST SEEDER, DRILL CULTIPACKER SEEDER OR HYDROSEEDER. SMALL GRAINS SHALL BE PLANTED NO MORE THAN 1 1/2" DEEP. SMALL SEEDS, SUCH AS KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, SHOULD BE PLANTED NO MORE THAN 1/4" DEEP. OTHER GRASSES AND LEGUMES SHOULD BE PLANTED 1/4" TO 1/2" DEEP.

RE-SEEDING:

<u>PERMANENT SEEDING</u>

TABLE 3.32-D

SITE SPECIFIC MIXTURES FOR PIEDMONT AREA

(*) USE SEASONAL NURSE CROP IN ACCORDANCE WITH SEEEDING DATES STATED BELOW:

(**) SUBSTITUTE SERICEA LESPEDEZA FOR CROWNVETCH EAST OF FARMVILLE, VA (MAY

OR LOW-MAINTANCE MIX DURING WARMER SEEDING PERIODS; ADD 10-20 LBS/ACRE IN

STEEPNESS, UNTIL MEASURES HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO CORRECT THESE PROBLEMS.

AS A GROWTH MEDIUM. THE EXISTING SOIL MUST HAVE THESE CHARATERISTICS:

THROUGH SEPTEMBER USE HULLED SERICEA, ALL OTHER PERIODS, USE UNHULLED SERICEA)

IF FLATPEA IS USED IN LIEU OF CROWNVETCH, INCREASE RATE TO 30 LBS/ACRE. ALL LEGUME

VEGETATION SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED ON SLOPES THAT ARE UNSUITABLE DUE TO INAPPROPRIATE SOIL

TO MAINTAIN A GOOD STAND OF VEGETATION, THE SOIL MUST MEET CERTAIN MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

1. ENOUGH FINE-GRAINED MATERIAL TO MAINTAIN ADEQUATE MOISTURE AND NUTRIENTS SUPPLY.

INDICATES THAT SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE IS PRESENT. A FINE GRANULAR OR CRUMB-LIKE

3. SUFFICIENT DEPTH OF SOIL TO PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE ROOT ZONE. THE DEPTH TO ROCK OR

IMPERMEABLE LAYERS SUCH AS HARDNESS SHALL BE 12 INCHES OR MORE, EXCEPT ON SLOPES. STEEPER THAN 2:1 WHERE THE ADDITION OD SOIL IS NOT FEASIBLE.

4. A FAVORABLE PH RANGE FOR PLANT GROWTH. IF THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT A PH RANGE OF

CONSIDERED AN UNSUITABLE ENVIROMENT FOR PLANT ROOTS AND FURTHER SOIL MODIFICATION

2. SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ROOT PENETRATION. A BULK DENSITY OF 1.2 TO 1.5

6.0-7.0 CANNOT BE ATTAINED BY ADDITION OF PH-MODIFYING. THEN THE SOIL IS

5. FREEDOM FROM TOXIC AMOUNTS OF MATERIAL HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH.

IF THEY DO NOT SIGNIFICANTLY IMPEDE GOOD SEED SOIL CONTACT.

ACCORDANCE WITH TOPSOILING, STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.30.

TEXTURE, POOR INTERNAL STRUCTURE OR INTERNAL DRAINAGE, VOLUME OF OVERLAND FLOW, OR EXCESSIVE

SEED MUST BE PROPERLY INOCULATED. WEEPING LOVEGRASS MAY BE ADDED TO ANY SLOPE

.... ANNUAL RYE

... FOXTAIL MILLET

..... ANNUAL RYE

AREAS WHICH FAIL TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER ADEQUATE TO PREVENT RILL EROSION WILL BE RESEEDED AS SOON AS SUCH AREAS ARE IDENTIFIED.

TOTAL LBS. <u>PER ACRE</u>

175-200 LBS.

200-250 LBS.

95-100%

0-5%

0-5%

100%

128 LBS

2 LBS

20 LBS

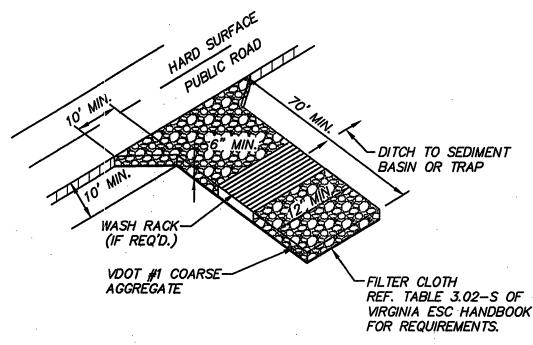
150 LBS

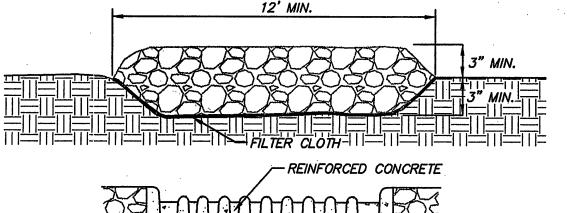
108 LBS

2 LBS

20 LBS.

20 LBS. 150 LBS





DRAIN SPACE-WASH RACK DETAIL AS REQUIRED BY LOCAL AUTHORITY AND BY SPECIFIC CONDITIONS.

TEMPORARY STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

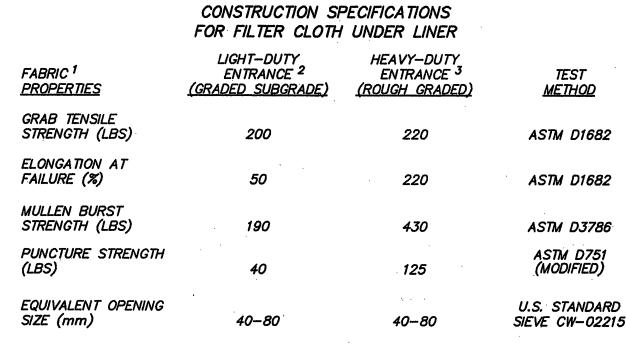


TABLE 3.02-A

1 FABRICS NOT MEETING THESE SPECIFICATIONS MAY BE USED ONLY WHEN DESIGN PROCEDURE AND SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION ARE SUPPLIED TO DETERMINE AGGREGATE DEPTH AND FABRIC STRENGTH

²LIGHT DUTY ENTRANCE: SITES THAT HAVE BEEN GRADED TO SUBGRADE AND WHERE MOST TRAVEL WOULD BE SINGLE AXLE VEHICLES AND AN OCCASIONAL MULTI-AXLE TRUCK. EXAMPLE OF FABRIC WHICH CAN BE USED ARE: TREVIRA SPUNBOND 1115, MIRAFI 100X, TYPAR 3401. OR EQUIVALENT.

HEAVY DUTY ENTRANCE: SITES WITH ONLY ROUGH GRADING AND WHERE MOST TRAVEL WOULD BE MULTI-AXLE VEHICLES. EXAMPLES OF FABRICS WHICH CAN BE USED ARE: TREVIRA SPUNBOND 1135, MIRAFI 600X, OR EQUIVALENT.

THE AREA OF THE ENTRANCE MUST BE EXCAVATED A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES AND MUST BE CLEARED OF ALL VEGETATION, ROOTS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. THE FILTER UNDERLINER WILL THEN BE PLACED THE FULL WIDTH AND LENGTH OF THE ENTRANCE.

FOLLOWING THE INSTALLATION OF THE FILTER CLOTH, THE STONE SHALL BE PLACED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IF WASH RACKS ARE USED. THEY SHOULD BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURE'S SPECIFICATIONS. ANY DRAINAGE FACILITIES REQUIRED BECAUSE OF THE WASHING SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED ACCORDING TO SPECIFICATIONS. CONVEYANCE OF SURFACE WATER UNDER ENTRANCE, THROUGH CULVERTS, SHALL BE PROVIDED AS REQUIRED. IF SUCH CONVEYANCE IS IMPOSSIBLE, THE CONSTRUCTION OF A "MOUNTABLE" BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES WILL BE PERMITTED.

THE FILTER CLOTH UTILIZED SHALL BE WOVEN OR NON-WOVEN FABRIC CONSISTING ONLY OF CONTINUOUS CHAIN POLYMERIC FILAMENTS OR YARNS OF POLYESTER. THE FABRIC SHALL BE INERT TO COMMONLY ENCOUNTERED CHEMICALS AND HYDROCARBONS, BE MILDEW AND ROT RESISTANT, AND CONFORM TO THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES NOTED IN TABLE

MAINTENANCE

THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOW OF MUD ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE OR THE WASHING AND REWORKING OF EXISTING STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEANOUT OF ANY STRUCTURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. ALL MATERIALS SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED FROM VEHICLES ONTO ROADWAYS OR INTO STORM DRAINS MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY. THE USE OF WATER TRUCKS TO REMOVE MATERIALS DROPPED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO ROADWAYS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

5. LEGUME INOCULANTS SHOULD BE APPLIED 5 TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATES WHEN INOCULANT IS INCLUDED IN THE HYDROSEEDER SLURRY.

ALL PERMANENT SEEDING MUST BE MULCHED IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF THE SEED APPLICATION. REFER TO MULCHING.

MAINTENANCE OF NEW SEEDINGS:

IN GENERAL, A STAND OF VEGETATION CANNOT BE DETERMINED TO BE FULLY ESTABLISHED UNTIL IT HAS BEEN MAINTAINED FOR ONE YEAR AFTER PLANTING.

MULCHING:

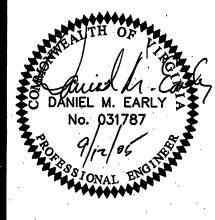
NEW SEEDINGS SHALL BE SUPPLIED WITH ADEQUATE MOISTURE. SUPPLY WATER AS NEEDED, ESPECIALLY LATE IN THE SEASON, IN ADNORMALLY HOT OR DRY WEATHER, OR ON ADVERSE SITES. WATER APPLICATION RATES SHOULD BE CONTROLLED TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE RUNOFF. INADEQUATE AMOUNTS OF WATER MAY BE MORE HARMFUL THAN NO WATER. RE-SEEDING:

INSPECT SEEDED AREAS FOR FAILURE AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS AND RE-

SEEDINGS WITHIN THE SAME SEASON, IF POSSIBLE. A. IF VEGETATIVE COVER IS INADEQUATE TO PREVENT RILL EROSION, OVER-SEED AND FERTILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL TEST RESULTS.

B. IF A STAND HAS LESS THAN 40% COVER, RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER. THE SOIL MUST BE TESTED TO DETERMINE IF ACIDITY OR NUTRIENT IMBALANCES ARE RESPONSIBLE. RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND FOLLOWING SEEDBED PREPARATION AND SEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZATION:



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DRAWN BY: DESIGNED BY: M.L.L. CHECKED BY: **DATE:** Aug. 1, 2005 SCALE: REVISIONS

NARRATIVE AND DETAILS

ITS APPLICATIONS IN THE AGRICULTURAL COMMUNITY. WHEN COMPOSTED, IT OFFERS AN COOL SEASON GRASSES SHOULD BEGIN TO BE FERTILIZED 90 DAYS AFTER PLANTING ALTERNATIVE SOIL AMENDMENT. LIMITATIONS INCLUDED A POTENTIALLY UNDERIRABLE PH TO ENSURE PROPER STAND AND DENSITY. WARM SEASON FERTILIZATION SHOULD BEGIN 30 (BECAUSE OF LIME ADDED DURING THE TREATMENT PROCESS) AND THE POSSIBLE PRESENCE OF DAYS AFTER PLANTING. HEAVY METALS. THIS PRACTICE SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY EVALUATED BY A PROFESSIONAL AND BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANY LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. APPLY MAINTENCE LEVELS OF FERTILIZER AS DETERMINED BY SOIL TEST. IN ABSENCE OF A SOIL TEST, FERTILIZATION SHOULD FOLLOW: 2 TONS/ACRE PULVERIZED AGRICULTURAL GRADE COOL SEASON GRASSES LIMESTONE (90 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) 4 LBS. NITROGEN (N) PER 1000 SQ.FT. PER YEAR 1 LB PHOSPHORUS (P) PER 1000 SQ.FT. PER YEAR 2 LBS. POTASH (K) PER 1000 SQ.FT. PER YEAR MIXED GRASSES AND LEGUMES: 1000 LBS./ACRE 10-20-10 OR EQUIVALENT NUTRIENTS (23 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) 75% OF THE TOTAL REQUIREMENTS SHOULD BE APPLIED BETWEEN SEPTEMBER 1 AND LEGUMES STAND ONLY: 1000 LBS./ACRE 5-20-10 (23 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) IS PERFERRED; DECEMBER 31. THE BALANCE SHOULD BE APPLIED DURING THE REMAINDER OF THE YEAR. HOWEVER, 1000 LBS./ACRE OF 10-20-10 OR EQUIVALENT MAY MORE THAN 1 LB. OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN PER 1000 SQ.FT. SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED AT ANY ONE TIME. GRASS STANDS ONLY: 1000 LBS./ACRE 10-20-10 OR EQUIVALENT NUTRIENTS, (23 LBS./1000 SQ. FT.) WARM SEASON GRASSES OTHER FERTILIZER FORMULATIONS, INCLUDING SLOW-RELEASE SOURCES OF NITROGEN (PREFERRED 4-5 LBS. NITROGEN (N) PER 1000 SQ.FT. BETWEEN MAY 1 AND AUGUST 15 PER YEAR. FROM A WATER QUALITY STANDPOINT), MAY BE USED PROVIDED THEY CAN SUPPLY THE SAME PHOSPHORUS (P) AND POTASH (K) SHOULD ONLY BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO SOIL TEST. AMOUNTS AND PROPORTIONS OF PLANT NUTRIENTS. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 4-6 INCHES OF THE SOIL BY DISCING THE USE OF SLOW-RELEASE FERTILIZER FORMULATIONS FOR MAINTENANCE OF TURF IS OR OTHER MEANS WHENEVER POSSIBLE. FOR EROSION CONTROL, WHEN APPLYING LIME AND ENCOURAGE TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND THE IMPACT ON GROUDWATER, FERTILIZER WITH A HYDRO SEEDER, APPLY TO A ROUGH, LOOSES SURFACE.

6. FREEDOM FROM EXCESSIVE QUANTITIES OF ROOT, BRANCHES, LARGE STONES, LARGE CLODS OF EARTH, OR TRASH OF ANY KIND. CLODS OF STONES MAY BE LEFT ON SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1 IF ANY OF THE ABOVE CRITERIA CANNOT BE MET, I.E., IF THE EXISTING SOIL IS TOO COARSE, DENSE, SHALLOW, ACIDIC, OR CONTAMINATED TO FOSTER VEGETATION, THEN TOPSOIL SHALL BE APPLIED IN

1. CERTIFIED SEED WILL BE USED FOR ALL PERMANENT SEEDING WHENEVER POSSIBLE. CERTIFIED SEED IS INSPECTED BY THE VIRGINIA CROP IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION OR THE CERTIFYING AGENCY IN OTHER STATES. THE SEED MUST MEET PUBLISHED STATE STANDARDS AND BEAR AN OFFICIAL "CERTIFIED SEED" LABEL.

2. LEGUME SEED SHOULD BE INOCULATED WITH THE INOCULANT APPROPRIATE TO THE SPECIES. SEED OF THE LESPEDEZAS, THE CLOVES, AND CROWNVETCH SHOULD BE SCARIFIED TO PROMOTE

UNIFORM GERMINATION. 3. APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A BROADCAST SEEDER, DRILL, CULTI-PACKER SEEDER, OR HYDRO SEEDER ON A FIRM, FRIABLE SEEDBED. SEEDING DEPTH SHOULD BE 1/4 TO 1/2 INCH.

4. TO AVOID POOR GERMINATION RATES AS A RESULT OF SEED DAMAGE DURING HYDROSEEDING, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT IF A MACHINERY BREAKDOWN OF 30 MINUTES TO 2 HOURS OCCURS, 50% MORE SEED SHOULD BE ADDED TO THE TANK, BASED ON THE PROPORTION OF THE SLURRY REMAINING IN THE TANK. BEYOND 2 HOURS, A FULL RATE OF NEW SEED MAY BE NECESSARY. OFTEN, HYDROSEEDING CONTRACTORS PREFER NOT TO APPLY LIME IN THEIR RIGS AS IT IS ABRASIVE. IN INACCESSIBLE AREAS, LIME MAY HAVE TO BE APPLIED SEPARATELY IN PELLETIZED OR LIQUID FORM. SURFACE ROUGHENING IS PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT WHEN HYDROSEEDING, BECAUSE A

ROUGHENED SLOPE WILL PROVIDE SOME NATURAL COVERAGE OF LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED.

NECESSARY STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO SEEDING.

<u>SOIL CONDITIONERS</u> IN ORDER TO MODIFY THE TEXTURE, STRUCTURE, OR DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS OF A SOIL,

1. PEAT IS A VERY COSTLY CONDITIONER, BUT WORKS WELL. IF ADDED, IT SHALL BE SPHAGNUM MOSS

PEAT, HYPNUM MOSS PEAT, REED-SEDGE PEAT OR PEAT HUMUS, FROM FRESH-WATER SOURCES.

UNLESS YOU ARE ADDING 80 TO 90% SAND ON A VOLUME BASIS. THIS IS EXTREMELY DIFFICULT

TO DO ON-SITE. IF THIS PRACTICE IS CONSIDERED, CONSULT A PROFESSIONAL AUTHORITY TO ENSURE

STORED PROPERLY AND ALLOWED TO COMPOST, IT WILL STABILIZE NITROGEN AND OTHER NUTRIENTS.

MANURE, IN ITS COMPOSTED FORM, IS A VIABLE SOIL CONDITIONER; HOWEVER, ITS USE SHOULD

BE BASED ON SITE-SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS OFFERED BY A PROFESSIONAL IN THIS FIELD.

5. THOROUGHLY ROTTED SAWDUST SHALL HAVE 6 LBS. OF NITROGEN ADDED TO EACH CUBIC YARD

6. THE USE OF TREATED SEWAGE SLUDGE HAS BENEFITTED FROM CONTINUING ADVANCEMENTS IN

2. SAND SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF TOXIC MATERIALS. SAND MODIFICATION IS INEFFECTIVE

3. VERMICULITE SHALL BE HORTICULTURAL GRADE AND FREE OF TOXIC SUBSTANCE. IT IS AN

4. RAW MANURE IS MORE COMMONLY USED IN AGRICULTURAL APPLICATIONS. HOWEVER, WHEN

PEAT SHALL BE SHREDDED AND CONDITIONED IN STORAGE PILES FOR AT LEAST SIX MONTHS AFTER

GRADING WILL BE CARRIED OUT ACCORDING TO THE APPROVED PLAN.

IMPRACTICAL MODIFIER FOR LARGER ACREAGE DUE TO EXPENSE.

AND SHALL BE FREE OF STONES, STICKS, AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES.

THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS MAY BE ADDED TO THE SOIL:

AND SPECIFICATION 3.29

THAT IT IS DONE PROPERLY.

SURFACES WILL BE ROUGHENED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SURFACE ROUGHENING, STANDARD

SHEET No.

JOB No. 05004

WVWA ID# 6Q5FDS