

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1. All trees shall be cleared and grubbed within 15 feet of the toe of the embankment. Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas. roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of

DIVERSION

DIVERSION

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment. Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8-inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment. Compaction — The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out. When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within 2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor). Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into the existing ground, along the toe of the upstream embankment as shown on the details. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being eight feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

STRUCTURE BACKFILL: Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe. PIPE CONDUITS:

All pipes shall be circular in cross section. Plastic Pipe — The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe: Ø Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4" - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type S.

Ø Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight. Ø Bedding —The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support. Ø Backfilling shall conform to recommendations of the pipe manufacture

CONCRETE;
Concrete shall meet the requirements of your local Department of Transportation or State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials. ROCK RIPRAP:

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of the local Department of Transportation or State Materials Testing Agency.

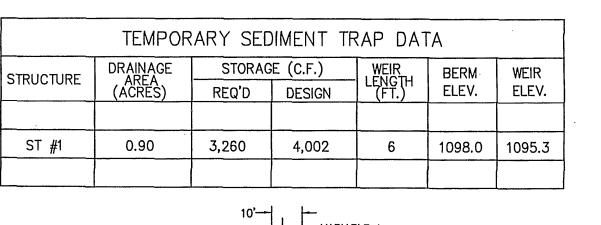
Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of the local Department of Transportation or State Materials Testing Agency. CARE OF WATER DURING CONSTRUCTION:

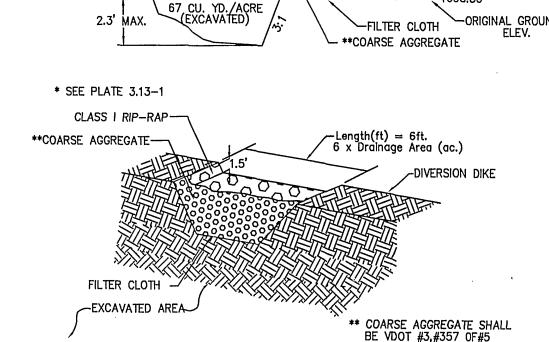
All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be pumped. STABILIZATION:

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with local Erosion and Sediment Regulations.all EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL:

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Refer to the construction plans for detailed erosion and sediment control measures.

A 4—inch layer of topsoil shall be placed on all disturbed areas of the dam embankment. Seeding, liming, fertilizing, mulching, etc. shall be in accordance with the standards and specifications noted on this sheet. The purpose of the topsoil is to establish a good growth of grass, which is not always possible with some of the materials that may be placed for the embankment fill.





37 CU. YD./ACRE

PART NO: PYD-48

## SEDIMENT TRAP

INSTALLATION NOTES: ALL PLASTIC SOLUTIONS TRASH RACKS ARE SUPPLIED PRE-DRILLED & INCLUDE HILTI CONCRETE ANCHOR BOLTS. . Lift trash rack onto concrete structure Center the trash rack on structure and mark all mounting hole locations. Remove trash rack from concrete structure. 4. Drill mounting holes using a 3/8" diameter masonry drill bit 5. Install 3/8"x3" supplied anchor bolts 6. Lift trash rack over anchor bolts—insure trash rack is completely flush against concrete mounting surface and then secure using flat washers and Top of riser— 7. Insure all anchor bolt nuts are tight and secure. DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN. Precast risersegment with flat top 240 McGhee Road P.O. Box 4386 1"Wide Stainless Steel-Winchester VA 22604 Straps w/2- 3/8" Anchors 2 Reqd, 180° Offset per Joint 540-722-4694 www.plastic-solution.cor

Precast riser—

Section

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TEMPORARY SEEDING

DISTURBED AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 30 DAYS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING MEASURES AS SHOWN HEREON, AND AS FURTHER DETAILED AS "STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.31 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK", LATEST EDITION, IN ADDITION TO AREAS OF GENERAL GRADING THAT WILL NOT BE FINE—GRADED FOR GREATER THAN 30 DAYS, THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC E&S MEASURES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION OF THE TEMPORARY MEASURE: - SOIL STOCKPILES

- DIKES, DAMS, AND SIDES OF SEDIMENT BASINS - TEMPORARY ROADWAY EMBANKMENTS

PRIOR TO SEEDING, INSTALL NECESSARY EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIKES, WATERWAYS, AND BASINS. PROVIDE PLANTS AS SPECIFIED HEREIN, OR ENGINEER-APPROVED EQUAL. SEEDBED PREPARATION:

LIME SHALL BE APPLIED IF DISTURBED AREAS WILL REMAIN DORMANT BETWEEN 30 DAYS AND 120 DAYS. IF REQUIRED, LIME SHALL BE APPLIED AS SHOWN, BASED ON SOIL ACIDITY. APPLICATION OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE

BELOW 4.2 3 TONS PER ACRE 4.2 TO 5.2 2 TONS PER ACRE 5.2 TO 6.0 1 TON PER ACRE LIME NOT REQUIRED

FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AS 600 LBS/ACRE OF 10-20-10 OR EQUIVALENT NUTRIENTS. LIME (AS APPLICABLE) AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 2 TO 4 INCHES OF SOIL, IF POSSIBLE. <u>SURFACE ROUGHENI</u>NG SHALL BE REQUIRED WHERE AREAS TO BE SEEDED HAVE BEEN COMPACTED, CRUSTED, OR HARDENED BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. AS REQUIRED, SEEDBEDS SHALL BE ROUGHENED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.29 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK. (TRACKING WITH BULLDOZER CLEATS SHALL BE USED IN SANDY SOILS)

SEED SHALL BE EVENLY APPLIED WITH THE SAME MEANS SPECIFIED HEREIN FOR PERMANENT SEEDING. SMALL GRAINS SHALL BE PLANTED NO MORE THAN ONE INCH DEEP. GRASSES AND LEGUMES SHALL BE PLANTED WITH NO LESS THAN 1/4" OF SOIL COVER.

SEEDINGS MADE IN FALL FOR WINTER COVER AND DURING HOT AND DRY SUMMER MONTHS SHALL BE MULCHED ACCORDING TO STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.35 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, EXCEPT THAT FIBER MULCH MAY NOT BE USED. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE USED DURING THESE PERIODS. TEMPORARY SEEDINGS MADE UNDER FAVORABLE SOIL AND SITE CONDITIONS DURING OPTIMUM SPRING AND FALL SEEDING DATES MAY NOT REQUIRE MULCH.

RE—SEEDING: AREAS WHICH FAIL TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER ADEQUATE TO PREVENT RILL EROSION SHALL BE RE—SEEDED AS SOON AS SUCH AREAS ARE IDENTIFIED. ACCEPTABLE TEMPORARY SEEDING PLANT MATERIALS BY RANGE OF PLANTING DATES:

09/01 TO 02/15 ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 50 LB / ACRE WINTER RYE @ 50 LB / ACRE 02/16 TO 04/30 ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 100 LB / ACRE 05/01 TO 08/31 GERMAN MILLET @ 50 LB / ACRE

(PS) PERMANENT SEEDING

DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY SEEDED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF ACHIEVING FINAL GRADE, OR ON DISTURBED AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE WITHIN ONE YEAR.

TYPE B (SLOPES 3:1 OR STEEPER)

ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 20 LB / ACRE

CROWN VETCH @ 20 LB / ACRE

KY 31 FESCUE @ 108 LB / ACRE

CROWN VETCH @ 20 LB / ACRE

FOXTAIL MILLET ® 20 LB / ACRE RED TOP ® 20 LB / ACRE KY 31 FESCUE @ 108 LB / ACRE

CROWN VETCH @ 20 LB / ACRE WINTER RYE @ 20 LB / ACRE RED TOP @ 20 LB / ACRE KY 31 FESCUE @ 108 LB / ACRE

03/15 TO 05/15 OR 08/16 TO 10/31:

11/01 TO 02/28:

03/15 TO 05/15 OR 08/16 TO 10/31: ANNUAL RYEGRASS @ 20 LB / ACRE RED TOP @ 2 LB / ACRE TALL FESCUE @ 150 LB / ACRE

05/16 TO 08/15: 05/16 TO 08/15: FOXTAIL MILLET @ 20 LB / ACRE RED TOP @ 20 LB / ACRE TALL FESCUE @ 150 LB / ACRE

11/01 TO 02/28: WINTER RYE © 20 LB / ACRE RED TOP © 20 LB / ACRE TALL FESCUE @ 150 LB / ACRE

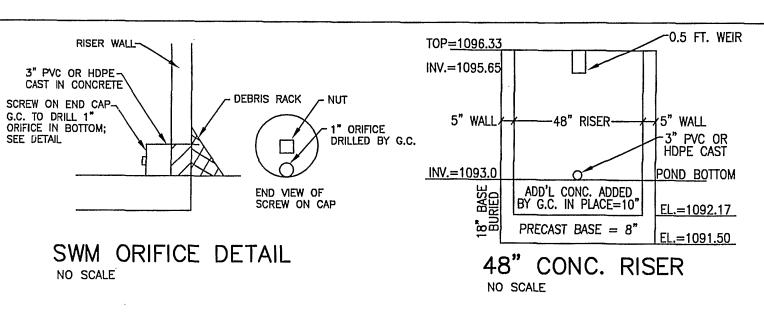
LIME: 140 LB / ACRE PULVERIZED AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE 5-20-10 @ 25 LB / ACRE

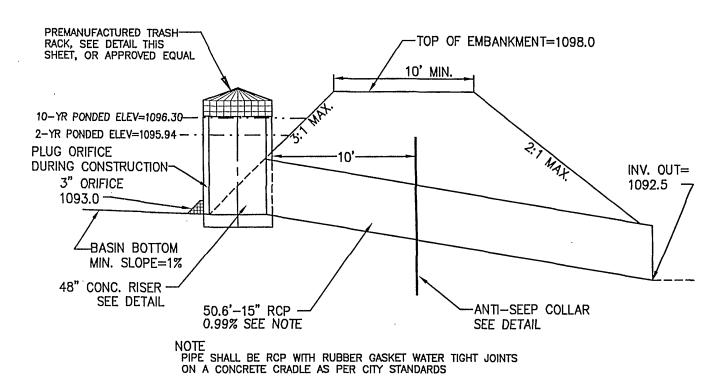
38-0-0 **9** 7 LB / ACRE

MULCH: SHALL BE USED OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AND SHALL BE APPLIED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION 3.35 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION.

SOIL CONDITIONING: INCORPORATION OF LIME AND FERTILIZER, SELECTION OF CERTIFIED SEED, MULCHING, MAINTENANCE OF NEW SEEDLINGS, AND RESEEDING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED WITHIN THE VIRGINIA SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION. ADDITIONAL SEEDING TO BE PERFORMED AS REQUIRED BY

SEED APPLICATION: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A'CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL, CULTIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER ON A FIRM, FRIABLE, SEEDBED. MAXIMUM SEEDING DEPTH SHALL BE 1/4 INCH.





PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY DETAIL NO SCALE

TOPSOILING

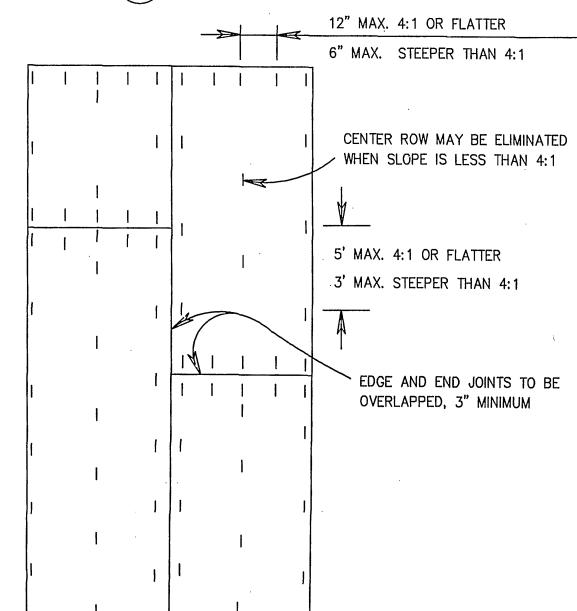
NO APPLICABLE DETAILS APPLY. REFER TO SPECIFICATION 3.30 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION FOR SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

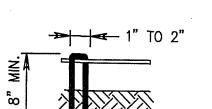
NO APPLICABLE DETAILS APPLY. REFER TO SPECIFICATION 3.35 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION FOR SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

DUST CONTROL

NO APPLICABLE DETAILS APPLY. REFER TO SPECIFICATION 3.39 OF THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, LATEST EDITION FOR SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.

SOIL STABILIZATION BLANKET



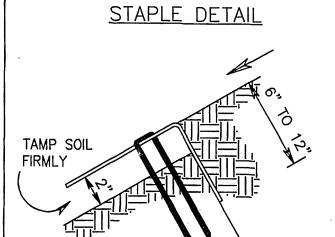


PLAN VIEW

**VARIABLE** 

**VARIABLE** 

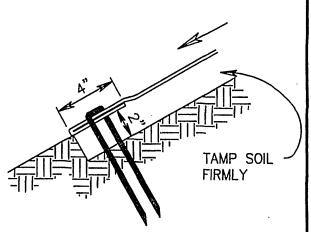
STAPLES FORMED FROM NO. 11 STEEL WIRE 8" STAPLE MIN. LENGTH FOR SANDY SOIL 6" STAPLE MIN. LENGTH FOR OTHER SOIL



ANCHOR SLOT

TAMP SOIL FIRMLY

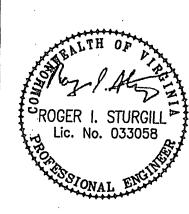
JUNCTION SLOT

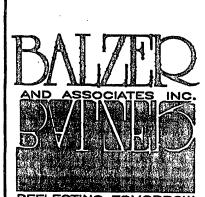


TERMINAL FOLD

NOTE: BLANKET MATTING (B/M) TO BE USED ON ALL SLOPES 3:1 OR STEEPER.

THE FOLLOWING ARE REPRESENTIVE DETAILS FOR THE STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS RELATIVE TO THE PROPOSED PROJECT. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR SHALL RELY ON THE COMPLETE STANDARD AS INDICATED IN THE VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR PROPER INSTALLATION, CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE INDIVIDUAL ITEMS REQUIRED BY THESE PLANS OR AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AUTHORITY.





www.balzer.cc PLANNERS • ARCHITECTS ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS

1208 Corporate Circle Roanoke, Virginia 24018 Phone: 540/772-9580 FAX: 540/772-8050

501 Branchway Road Richmond, Virginia 23236 Phone: 804/794-0571 FAX: 804/794-2635

880 Technology Park Drive Suite 200 Glen Allen, Virginia 23059 Phone: 804/553-0132 FAX: 804/553-0133

448 Peppers Ferry Road, NW Christiansburg, Virginia 24073 Phone: 540/381-4290 FAX: 540/381-4291

1561 Commerce Road Suite 401 Verona, Virginia 24482

FAX: 540/248-3221

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DRAWN BY: DESIGNED BY: CPB CHECKED BY: JVJ DATE: 01/22/2008 **REVISIONS:** 03/06/2008

SHEET NO.

JOB NO.