NARRATIVE:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this project is to provide demolition and grading for the construction of a Office building. The site is located on the south side of Hershberger Road N.W. The site will consist of construction of an one story building and a parking area. The amount of land disturbance is estimated at 9,820 square feet (0.23 acres).

EXISTING CONDITIONS

The undeveloped site slopes from Hershberger Road in a southerly direction, to the rear of site. Slopes range from from 8 % to 2:1 slopes. Runoff flows to two depressed areas along the eastern edge of residential property. The site is grassed with scattered trees as shown on the plans.

ADJACENT PROPERTY

The site fronts on Hershberger Road along the North side, while property owned by TACOMA Inc. (Taco Bell) bounds to the east, the property on the west side is owned by Southwest Telco Federal Credit Union and the property to the south is owned by Billy C. & Emma G. Franklin (a residential use).

As Identified By The U.S. Department Of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, General Soil Map, The Basic Soil Material Is Frederick—Urban Land—Chilhowie (21C).

There are no critical erosion areas. Retaining Walls remove the need to for steep slopes. See Submittal Package for Phased Erosion & Sediment Control Measures.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

Unless otherwise stated all erosion and sediment control measures shall be constructed and maintained in accordance with minimum standards and specifications of the latest edition of the "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook".

STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

Temporary Construction Entrance (3.02) — A stone pad, located at points of vehicular ingress and egress on a construction site, to reduce the soil transported onto public roads and other paved areas.

A Temporary Construction Entrance has been included in this project and is shown on the drawings.

Construction Road Stabilization (3.03) - Temporary stabilization with stone of access roads, subdivision streets, parking areas and other traffic areas immediately after grading to reduce erosion caused by vehicles during wet weather, and to prevent having to regrade permanent roadbeds between initial grading and final stabilization.

Construction Road Stabilization will be used on this project and is shown on the drawings.

Silt Fence (3.05) — A temporary sediment barrier constructed of posts, filter fabric and, in some cases, a wire support fence, placed across or at the toe of a slope or in a minor drainage way to intercept and detain sediment and decrease flow velocities from drainage greas of limited size; applicable where sheet and rill erosion or small concentrated flows may be a problem. Maximum effective life of 6 months.

Silt Fence will be used on this project and is shown on the drawings.

Storm Drain Inlet Protection (3.07) — The installation of various kinds of sediment trapping measures around drop inlets or curb inlet structures prior to permanent stabilization of the disturbed area; limited to drainage areas not exceeding one acre, and not intended to control large, concentrated stormwater flows. Storm Drain Inlet Protection will be used for this project and is shown on the drawings.

Diversion Dike (3.09) — A ridge of compacted soil constructed at the top or base of a sloping disturbed area which diverts off—site runoff away from unprotected slopes and to a stabilized outlet, or to divert sediment—laden runoff to a sediment trapping structure. Maximum effective life is 18 months.

Diversion Dike is part of this project to protect the infiltration area during construction.

Topsoiling (3.30) — Preserving and using topsoil to provide a suitable growth medium for vegetation used to stabilize disturbed areas. Applicable where preservation or importation of topsoil is most cost-effective method of providing a suitable growth. Topsoil Stockpile location is shown on the plans.

Temporary Seeding (3.31) — Establishment of temporary vegetative cover on disturbed areas that will not be brought to final grade for periods of 30 days to one year by seeding with appropriate rapidly—growing plants.

Temporary Seeding will be used on this project and is shown on the drawings.

Permanent Seeding (3.32) - Establishment of perennial vegetative cover by planting seed on rough-graded areas that will not be brought to final grade for a year or more or where permanent, long-lived vegetative cover is needed on fine-graded areas.

Permanent Seeding will be used on all finished areas outside of the parking and driveway areas

Tree Preservation and Protection (3.38) - Protecting existing trees from mechanical and other injury during land-disturbing and construction activity to ensure the survival of desirable trees where they will be effective for erosion and sediment control and provide other environmental and aesthetic benefits.

Tree Preservation and Protection will be used to protect some of the existing trees along the eastern property line.

MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

- 1. Construction will be sequenced to begin and end grading operations as quickly as possible.
- 2. The Silt fence along the perimeter of the property and inlet protections will be installed as the first step of the grading process.
- 3. All areas shall be seeded with permanent stabilization as soon as they reach final grade.
- 4. The contractor shall be responsible for installation and maintenance of all erosion and sediment control measures.
- 5. Once the site has been stabilized, the temporary erosion and sediment control measures may be removed and those areas brought to final grade and

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

All disturbed areas shall receive permanent stabilization accordance with the "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook", STD and Spec. 3.32 as soon as those areas are brought to final grade. For permanent seeding mixture see the Erosion and Sediment Control detail sheet.

MAINTENANCE

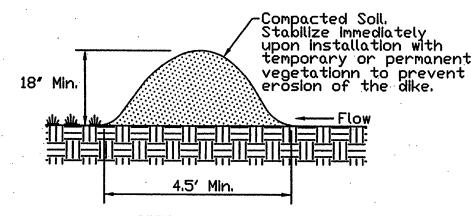
- All sediment and erosion control measures shall be checked daily and after all significant rainfall. In particular:
- 1. Silt Fence shall be checked regularly to ensure that the fabric has not been undermined or has deteriorated. Sediment shall be removed when level of buildup reaches halfway up the barrier.
- 2. Areas which have received seeding shall be checked regularly to ensure that a good stand of grass is maintained. Areas shall be fertilized and reseeded as required.

GENERAL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- All soil erosion & sediment control measures as shown on the plan shall be accomplished in strict accordance with the standards and specifications contained in the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook, latest edition.
- 2. The approving authority may add to, delete, relocate, change, or otherwise modify certain erosion and sediment control measures where field conditions are encountered that warrant such modifications.
- 3. All soil erosion and sediment control measures as shown on the plan shall be placed in advance of the work being performed, as far as practical.
- 4. In no case during construction shall water runoff be diverted or allowed to flow to locations where adequate protection has not been provided.
- 5. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to leave the site adequately protected against erosion, sedimentation, or any damage to any adjacent property at the end of each day's work.
- 6. For the erosion control key symbols shown on the plans, refer to the Virginia Uniform Coding System for erosion and sediment control practices contained in the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook, latest edition.
- 7. Reference is directed to plan sheets for site depicting erosion and sediment control measures.

GENERAL COMMENTS:

- 1. The job superintendent shall be responsible for the installation and maintenance of all erosion and sediment control practices.
- 2. The approving authority reserves the right to add to, delete, or otherwise change erosion control devices as may be deemed necessary by written notification to the contractor.
- 3. No work shall proceed on the site until the proper authorization or permit has been obtained from the approving authority.
- 4. While the engineer, Parker Design Group, has prepared the plan in accordance to the VA ESCH, the engineer assumes no responsibility for quality or erosion control methods performed by the contractor or subcontractor.



-Stormwater With

Larger Particles

1111

Outlet Pipe

THIS METHOD OF INLET PROTECTION IS APPLICABLE

WHERE HEAVY CONCENTRATED FLOWS ARE EXPECTED BUT NOT WHERE PONDING AROUND THE STRUCTURE

MIGHT CAUSE EXCESSIVE INCONVENIENCE OR DAMAGE

TO ADJACENT STRUCTURES AND UNPROTECTED AREAS.

ALL COSTS GIVEN ARE COMPLETE IN PLACE

EΑ

* GRAVEL SHALL BE VDOT #3, #357 OR #5 COARSE

SPECIFIC APPLICATION

DESCRIPTION

CONSTRUCTION

INLET PROTECTION

CONSTRUCTION ROAD

TEMPORARY SEEDING

PERMANENT SEEDING

STABILIZATION

TOPSOILING

SUB-TOTAL

10% CONTINGENCY

TOTAL PROJECT COST

DIVERSION DIKE

ENTRANCE

SILT FENCE

GRAVEL AND WIRE MESH DROP INLET SEDIMENT FILTER

Removed

EXCAVATED DROP INLET SEDIMENT TRAF

----18" MIN.---

AGGREGATE.

Inlet (1' min.

Particles

GRAVEL (12"MIN. DEPTH

EROSION-SILTATION CONTROL

COST ESTIMATE

160

100

170

0.06

0.06

Settle Out

2' max.)

CRUSS-SECTION TEMPORARY DIVERSION DIKE VA ESCH STD. & SPEC. 3.09

As Regio

Weep Holes

Dewatering_

RUNOFF WATER

WITH SEDIMENT

TYPE A (SLOPES FLATTER THAN 3:1) 15 OCTOBER TO 1 FEBRUARY

K-31 FESCUE @ 5 LB / 1000 SF BORZY WINTER RYE • 1/2 LB / 1000 SF

1 FEBRUARY TO 1 JUNE K-31 FESCUE @ 5 LB / 1000 SF ANNUAL RYE @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF I JUNE TO 1 SEPTEMBER K-31 FESCUE @ 5 LB / 1000 SF

GERMAN MILLET @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF 1 SEPTEMBER TO 15 OCTOBER K-31 FESCUE @ 5 LB / 1000 SF ANNUAL RYE @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF

TYPE B (SLOPES 3:1 OR STEEPER) 15 MARCH TO 1 MAY

CROWN VETCH @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF PERENNIAL RYEGRASS @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF RED TOP @ 1/8 LB / 1000 SF

CROWN VETCH @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF PERENNIAL RYEGRASS @ 1/2 LB / 1000 SF RED TOP @ 1/8 LB / 1000 SF

TITLE

TEMPORARY GRAVEL

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

STABILIZATION

STRAW BALE BARRIER

SILT FENCE

BRUSH BARRIER

STORM DRAIN

INLET PROTECTION

CULVERT INLET PROTECTION(CIP

TEMPORARY DIVERSION DIKE (D

TEMPORARY FILL DIVERSION

EMPORARY RIGHT-OF-WAY

DIVERSION

DIVERSION

TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN

PAVED FLUME

CHANNEL

DUTLET PROTECTION

RIPRAP

ORMWATER CONVEYANCE

3.13 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAP

3.14 TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN

CONSTRUCTION ROAD

SAFETY FENCE

3.04

3.05

3.06

3.07

3.10

3.12

3.15

3.16

3.18

3.19

6.092.0

6,702.00

610.00

TOTAL COST

1.250.00

640.00

UNIT COST

1,250.00

4.00

5.00

600.00

1,800.00

2,400.00

140 LB / 1000 SF PULVERIZED AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE

FERTILIZER: 5-20-10 **9** 25 LB / 1000 SF 38-0-0 **©** 7 LB / 1000 SF

MULCH: SHALL BE USED DVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AND SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE SOIL CONDITIONING INCORPORATION OF LIME AND FERTILIZER, SELECTION OF CERTIFIED SEED. MULCHING, MAINTENANCE OF NEW SEEDLINGS, AND RESEEDING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED WITHIN THE VA ESCH. ADDITIONAL SEEDING TO BE PERFORMED AS REQUIRED BY THE INSPECTOR. SEED APPLICATION APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A CYCLONE SEEDER, DRILL, CULTIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER ON A FIRM, FRIABLE SEEDBED. MAX. SEEDING DEPTH SHALL BE 1/4

PERMANENT SEEDING MIXTURE VA ESCH STD & SPEC 3.32

O1 MARCH TO 30 APRIL
WINTER RYE (SECALE CERALE) @ 2 1/2 LB / 1000 SF OR ANNUAL RYEGRASS (LOLIUM MULTI-FLORUM) @ 1 1/2 LF / 1000 SF OR KOREAN LESPEDEZA (LESPEDEZA STIPULACEA) @ 1 1/2 LF / 1000 SF

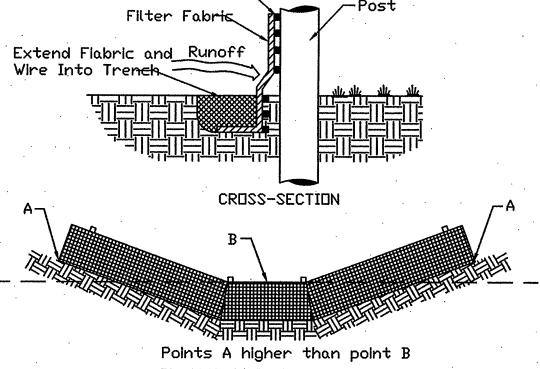
O1 MAY TO 15 AUGUST
GERMAN MILLET (SETARIA ITALICA) @ 1 LB / 1000 SF
OR WEEPING LOVEGRASS (ERAGROSTIS CLRVULA) @ 5 1/2 OZ / 1000 SF OR KOREAN LESPEDEZA (LESPEDEZA STIPULACEA) @ 1 1/2 LF / 1000 SF

15 AUGUST TO 01 NOVEMBER
WINTER RYE (SECALE CERALE) © 1 LB / 1000 SF AND ANNUAL RYEGRASS (LOLIUM MULTI-FLORUM) @ 1 LF / 1000 SF

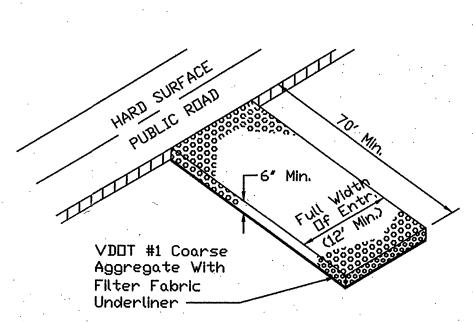
SHALL BE USED OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AND SHALL BE APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 3.35 OF THE VIR-GINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, 3rd ED.

SEED APPLICATION: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH A CYCLONE SEEDER. DRILL, CULTIPACKER SEEDER, OR HYDROSEEDER ON A FIRM, FRIABLE SEEDBED. MAX. SEEDING DEPTH SHALL BE 1/4 INCH.

TEMPORARY SEEDING MIXTURE VA ESCH STD & SPEC 3.31

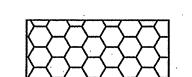


PLACEMENT IN DRAINAGE WAY SILT FENCE VA ESCH STD. & SPEC. 3.05

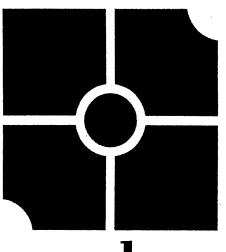


NOTE: CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL NEED TO REMAIN LOCATED ON THE JEFFERSON ST. SIDE OF SITE DUE TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION. ONCE THE NEW CURB AND SIDEWALK ALONG JEFFERSON STREET HAS BEEN INSTALLED, THAN THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE RELOCATED TO THE BULLITT AVENUE ENTRANCE.





TITLE SYMBOL RUCK CHECK DAMS CD) -- -LEVEL SPREADER VEGETATIVE STREAMBANK STABILIZATION STRUCTURAL STREAMBANK STABILIZATION TEMPORARY VEHICULAR STREAM CROSSING 三维三 UTILITY STREAM CROSSING ----DEWATERING STRUCTURE CHECKED BY: TURBIDITY CURTAIN SCALE: SUBSURFACE DRAIN ---SURFACE ROUGHENING ----(SR)-----TOPSOILING TEMPORARY SEEDING -----(8)----PERMANENT SEEDING -----(SD)-----SUDDING BERMUDA GRASS AND DYSIAURASS ESTABLISHMENT ----SOIL STABILIZATION BLANKETS AND MATTING REES, SHRUBS, VINES AND GROUND COVERS REE PRESERVATION ----(TP)-----AND PROTECTION DUST CONTROL

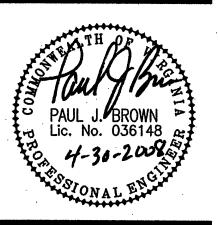


DESIGN GROUP

Salem, Virginia 24153 Phone: 540-387-1153 Fax: 540-389-5767 www.parkerdg.com

816 Boulevard

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Station Road, N.W. Q Plan 6 er Site elop erg 2 __ ensive ty Dev 0 mprehe Star Cit

REVISIONS: Address City of Roanoke

DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY:

1"=10

27 February 2008

SHEET TITLE:

Erosion and Sediment Control Notes & Details

06 OF 08 PROJECT NUMBER: 08-0022-02