EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NARRATIVE PROJECT DESCRIPTION: THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT IS TO CONSTRUCT A WATERLINE FOR AN AREA THAT HAS MARGINAL AND FAILED WELLS. THIS IS AN EMERGENCY REPAIR TO ASSIST A RESIDENT WITH A FAILED WELL SYSTEM. THE MAIN CONSTRUCTION WILL DISTURB A 8' WIDE STRIP OR LESS FOR A DISTANCE OF 2,000'. THE AREA OF LAND DISTURBANCE IS ESTIMATED AS FOLLOWS: $2,000 \times 8'$ FOR MAIN LINE CONSTRUCTION FOR A TOTAL AREA OF 16,000SF OR 0.18 ACRES. EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS: THE PROPERTY DRAINS TO THE SOUTH INTO AN UNNAMED TRIBUTARY AND ULTIMATELY TO BACK CREEK. THE PROJECTS STARTS AT THE INTERSECTION OF ROUTE 220 AND YELLOW MOUNTAIN ROAD AND CONTINUES NORTHWEST TO COX HOPKINS ROAD. THE MAJORITY OF THE WORK IS LOCATED IN THE RIGHT OF WAY AND THE COX HOPKINS ROAD RIGHT OF WAY. ADJACENT PROPERTY: THE PROJECT IS SURROUNDED BY AG-1 ZONING CLASSIFICATIONS. NO OFF-SITE AREAS WILL BE UTILIZED FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THIS SITE.

SOILS: A SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION HAS NOT BEEN PROVIDED. SOIL INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE ON THE RESIDUAL SOILS THAT IS SUGGESTED IN THE "SOIL SURVEY OF ROANOKE COUNTY AND THE CITIES OF ROANOKE AND SALEM, VIRGINIA" AS PREPARED BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. THIS SURVEY DIVIDES THE SITE INTO 3 CATEGORIES, DERROC COBBLY SANDY LOAM AND EDGEMONT CHANNERY SANDY LOAM, O

CRITICAL EROSION AREAS: STEEP SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL INITIAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES TO CONTROL SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF FROM ENTERING ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND/OR STREAMS AND SWALES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP EQUIPMENT ON SITE TO REMOVE ANY DIRT OR MUD FROM PAVED AREAS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL AND MAINTAIN SILT FENCE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS TO CAPTURE SEDIMENT LADEN RUNOFF AND FILTER RUNOFF PRIOR TO ENTERING DOWNSTREAM AREAS AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES. ALL ESC MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED TO THE MINIMUM REQUIRED STANDARDS.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES: UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE "VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK, THIRD EDITION" (VESCH). THE MINIMUM STANDARDS OF THE VESCH SHALL BE ADHERED TO UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE LOCAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR.

SILT FENCE-STD. 3.05.....A TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BARRIER CONSTRUCTED OF POSTS, FILTER FABRIC AND IN SOME CASES WIRE SUPPORT FENCE TO INTERCEPT AND DETAIN SEDIMENT.

CUI.VERT INLET PROTECTION- STD. 3.08 A SEDIMENT FILTER AT THE INLET TO STORM SEWER CULVERTS

PERMANENT SEEDING-STD. 3.32.....ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER BY PLANTING SEED ON ROUGH GRADED AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE FOR A YEAR OR MORE.

MULCHING-3.35.....APPLICATION OF PLANT RESIDUES OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS TO DISTURBED SURFACES TO PREVENT EROSION AND REDUCE OVERLAND FLOW VELOCITIES.

A) CONSTRUCTION WILL BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING OPERATIONS CAN BEGIN AND END AS QUICKLY AS

B) SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES WILL BE INSTALLED AS A FIRST STEP IN GRADING.

C) THE LOCAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ADD TO, DELETE OR OTHERWISE CHANGE THE EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS DEEMED NECESSARY DUE TO ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS BY WRITTEN

NOTIFICATION TO THE CONTRACTOR.

D) ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE SEEDED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF ACHIEVING FINAL GRADE.

E) ONLY AFTER INSPECTION AND APPROVAL FROM THE LOCAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR MAY ITEMS BE REMOVED FOLLOWING THE STABILIZATION OF THE CONTRIBUTING AREAS.

THE WWWA SHALL INSPECT DISTURBED AREAS OF THE SITE THAT HAVE NOT BEEN FINALLY STABILIZED, AND AREAS USED FOR STORAGE OF MATERIALS THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION, STRUCTURAL CONTROL MEASURES, AND THE AREA OF CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS AT LEAST EVERY FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS, AND WITHIN 48 HOURS OF THE END OF A STORM EVENT PRODUCING 1/2" OR GREATER OF PRECIPITATION. WHERE AREAS HAVE BEEN FINALLY OR TEMPORARILY STABILIZED OR RUNOFF IS UNLIKELY DUE TO WINTER CONDITIONS (SITE IS COVERED WITH SNOW, ICE, OR FROZEN GROUND EXISTS) SUCH INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT LEAST ONCE EVERY MONTH.

A) INSPECT DISTURBED AREAS AND AREAS OF MATERIALS STORAGE THAT ARE EXPOSED TO PRECIPITATION FOR EVIDENCE OF, OR THE POTENTIAL FOR SEDIMENT ENTERING THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. INSPECT E&S CONTROLS IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS STATED HEREIN, AND INSPECT POINTS OF STORM DRAIN DISCHARGE FOR EXCESSIVE SEDIMENTATION. CORRECT SITE CONTROLS AS REQUIRED TO REDUCE SEDIMENTATION OF STORM DRAINS, CULVERTS, AND RECEIVING CHANNELS.

B) IF CONTROLS OR SEDIMENT PREVENTION AREAS ARE FOUND TO BE IN NEED OF REPAIR OR MODIFICATION, THE WVWA SHALL PROVIDE ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING MEASURES AS REQUIRED. ANY ADDITIONAL MEASURES OR MODIFICATIONS TO EXISTING MEASURES SHALL BE RECORDED AS FIELD REVISIONS TO THESE PLANS. IN THE EVENT THAT ADDITIONAL CONTROLS ARE FOUND TO BE REQUIRED, THE WVWA SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMPLEMENTING THESE CONTROLS BEFORE THE NEXT ANTICIPATED STORM EVENT. IF IMPLEMENTATION BEFORE THE NEXT STORM EVENT IS IMPRACTICAL, THEY SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AS SOON AS

GENERAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

- ES-I: Unless otherwise indicated, all vegetative and structural erosion and sediment control practices will be constructed and maintained according to minimum standards and specifications of the Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook and Virginia Regulations 4VAC50-30 Erosion and Sediment Control Regulations.
- ES-2: The plan approving authority must be notified one week prior to the preconstruction conference, one week prior to the commencement of land disturbing activity, and one week prior to the final
- ES-3: All erosion and sediment control measures are to be placed prior to or as the first step in
- A copy of the approved erosion and sediment control plan shall be maintained on the site at all ES-4: Prior to commencing land disturbing activities in areas other than indicated on these plans (including, but not limited to, off—site borrow or waste areas), the contractor shall submit a
- supplementary erosion control plan to the owner for review and approval by the plan approving
- ES-6: The contractor is responsible for installation of any additional erosion control measures necessary to prevent erosion and sedimentation as determined by the plan approving authority. All disturbed areas are to drain to approved sediment control measures at all times during land disturbing activities and during site development until final stabilization is achieved.
- During dewatering operations, water will be pumped into an approved filtering device. The contractor shall inspect all erosion control measures periodically and after each runoff-producing rainfall event. Any necessary repairs or cleanup to maintain the effectiveness of the erosion control devices shall be made immediately.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES:

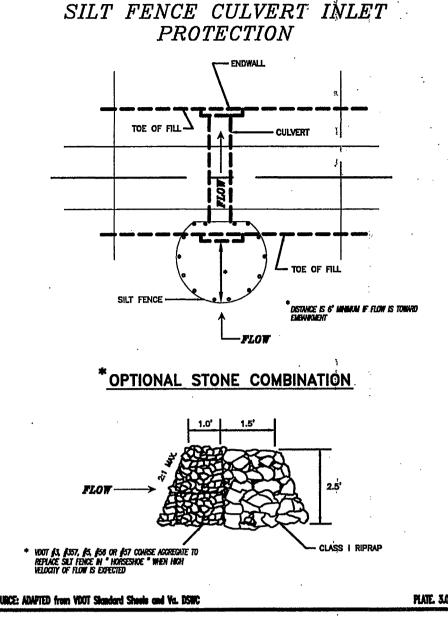
- SILT FENCE VA ESCH STD. & SPEC. 3.05
- CIP CULVERT INLET PROTECTION VA ESCH STD. & SPEC. 3.08 VA ESCH STD. & SPEC. 3.08
- PS PERMANENT SEEDING
 VA ESCH STD & SPEC 3.32

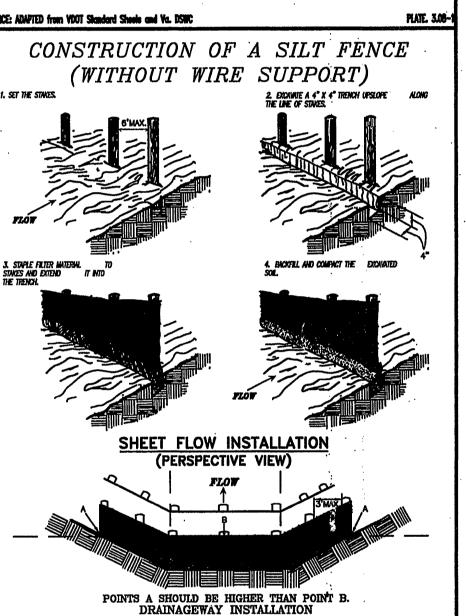
MINIMUM STANDARDS

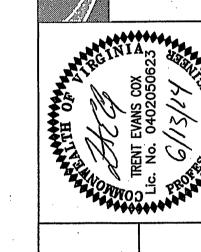
	JRES AS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE LOCAL APPROVING AUTHORITY OR THE CONSULTING ENGINEER.		9,
0.	CRITERIA, TECHNIQUE OR METHOD PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO DENUDED AREAS WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS AFTER FINAL	PRACTICES PROVIDED	TOE OF FILL 2
	GRADE HAS BEEN REACHED ON ANY PORTION OF THE SITE. TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS TO DENUDED AREAS THAT MAY BE AT FINAL GRADE BUT WILL REMAIN DORMANT (UNDISTURBED) FOR LONGER THAN THIRTY (30) DAYS. PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE APPLIED TO AREAS THAT ARE TO BE LEFT DORMANT FOR MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR.	FOR ALL DENUDED AREAS	CULVERT 1
2	DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT, SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED OR PROTECTED WITH SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURES. THE OWNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE TEMPORARY PROTECTION AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF ALL SOIL STOCKPILES ON SITE AS WELL AS SOIL INTENTIONALLY TRANSPORTED FROM THE PROJECT SITE.	N/A	
3	A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED ON DENUDED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. PERMANENT VEGETATION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED ESTABLISHED UNTIL A GROUND COVER IS ACHIEVED THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE LOCAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR OR DESIGNATED AGENT, IS UNIFORM, MATURE ENOUGH TO SURVIVE AND WILL INHIBIT EROSION.	FOR ALL DENUDED AREAS	SILT FENCE
4	SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAPS, PERIMETER DIKES, SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND OTHER MEASURES INTENDED TO TRAP SEDIMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS A FIRST STEP IN ANY LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY AND SHALL BE MADE FUNCTIONAL BEFORE UPSLOPE LAND DISTURBANCE TAKES PLACE.	SF). CIP	DISTRICE IS 6" IMPIRIUM IF FLOW IS TOWN EMBARGIENT FLOW
5	STABILIZATION METHODS SHALL BE APPLIED TO EARTHEN STRUCTURES SUCH AS DAMS, DIKES AND DIVERSIONS IMMEDIATELY AFTER INSTALLATION.	N/A	*OPTIONAL STONE COMBINATION
6	SEDIMENT TRAPS AND BASINS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED BASED UPON THE TOTAL DRAINAGE AREA TO BE SERVED BY THE TRAP OR BASIN.	N/A	1.0' 1.5'
7	CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A MANNER THAT WILL MINIMIZE EROSION. SLOPES THAT ARE FOUND TO BE ERODING EXCESSIVELY WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH ADDITIONAL SLOPE STABILIZATION MEASURES UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.	N/A	FLOW——
В	CONCENTRATED RUNOFF SHALL NOT FLOW DOWN CUT OR FILL SLOPES UNLESS CONTAINED WITHIN AN ADEQUATE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CHANNEL, FLUME OR SLOPE DRAIN STRUCTURE.	N/A SHOULD SEEPS OCCUR IN ANY EXISTING OR NEW	CLASS I RIPRAP
9	WHENEVER WATER SEEPS FROM A SLOPE FACE, ADEQUATE DRAINAGE OR OTHER PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED.	CUT OR FILL SLOPE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIRST INSURE THAT THERE ARE NOT AREAS OF PONDED WATER AT THE TOPS OF THE SLOPES, AND THEN SHALL CONTACT BOTH THE DESIGN ENGINEER AND THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER FOR ON-SITE EVALUATION OF THE	* VDOT (3, §357, §5, §56 OR §57 COURSE AGGREGATE TO REPLACE SILT FENCE IN " HORSESHOE" WHEN HIGH VELOCITY OF FLOW IS EXPECTED
0	ALL STORM SEWER INLETS THAT ARE MADE OPERABLE DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PROTECTED SO THAT SEDIMENT—LADEN WATER CANNOT ENTER THE CONVEYANCE SYSTEM WITHOUT FIRST BEING FILTERED OR OTHERWISE TREATED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT.	ENGINEER FOR ON-SITE EVALUATION OF THE AREAS OF SEEPAGE. N/A	SOURCE: ADAPTED from VDOT Standard Shools and Va. DSMC $CONSTRUCTION \ OF \ A \ SILT \ FENCE$
11	BEFORE NEWLY CONSTRUCTED STORMWATER CONVEYANCE CHANNELS ARE MADE OPERATIONAL, ADEQUATE OUTLET PROTECTION AND ANY REQUIRED TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CHANNEL LINING SHALL BE INSTALLED IN BOTH THE CONVEYANCE CHANNEL AND RECEIVING CHANNEL.	N/A	(WITHOUT WIRE SUPPORT) 1. SET THE STANCES. 2. EXCHANGE A 4° X 4° TRENCH UPSLOPE THE LINE OF STANCES.
2	WHEN WORK IN A LIVE WATERCOURSE IS PERFORMED, PRECAUTIONS SHALL BE TAKEN TO MINIMIZE ENCROACHMENT, CONTROL SEDIMENT TRANSPORT AND STABILIZE THE WORK AREA TO THE GREATEST EXTENT POSSIBLE DURING CONSTRUCTION. NONERODIBLE MATERIAL SHALL BE USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CAUSEWAYS AND COFFERDAMS. EARTHEN FILL MAY BE USED FOR THESE STRUCTURES IF ARMORED BY NONERODIBLE COVER MATERIALS.	N/A	6'MAX
3	WHEN A LIVE WATERCOURSE MUST BE CROSSED BY CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES MORE THAN TWICE IN ANY SIX (6) MONTH PERIOD, A TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING CONSTRUCTED OF NONERODIBLE MATERIAL.	N/A	
4	ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO WORKING IN OR CROSSING LIVE WATERCOURSES SHALL BE MET. THE BEDS AND BANKS OF ANY WATERCOURSE SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY AFTER WORK IN THE WATERCOURSE IS COMPLETED.	N/A	PLOT -
5	THE BEDS AND BANKS OF A WATERCOURSE SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY AFTER WORK IN THE WATERCOURSE IS COMPLETED.	N/A	3. STAPLE FILTER MATERIAL TO 4. BICKFILL AND COMPACT THE EXCMATED STAKES AND EXCHAUTE IT INTO SOIL. THE TRENCH.
6	UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS IN ADDITION TO OTHER APPLICABLE CRITERIA: 1)NO MORE THAN 500 LINEAR FEET OF ANY TRENCH MAY BE OPENED AT ONE TIME. 2)EXCAVATED MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE UPHILL SIDE OF TRENCHES. 3)EFFLUENT FROM DEWATERING OPERATIONS SHALL BE FILTERED OR PASSED THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE, OR BOTH, AND DISCHARGED IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT ADVERSELY AFFECT FLOWING STREAMS OR OFF—SITE PROPERTY. 4)MATERIAL USED FOR BACKFILLING TRENCHES SHALL BE PROPERLY COMPACTED IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE EROSION AND PROMOTE STABILIZATION. 5)RESTABILIZATION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE REGULATIONS. 6)APPLICABLE SAFETY REGULATIONS SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH.	SEE PLANS	TOT
7	WHERE CONSTRUCTION VEHICLE ACCESS ROUTES INTERSECT PAVED OR PUBLIC ROADS, PROVISIONS SHALL BE MADE TO MINIMIZE THE TRANSPORT OF SEDIMENT BY VEHICULAR TRACKING ONTO THE PAVED SURFACE. WHERE SEDIMENT IS TRANSPORTED ONTO A PAVED OR PUBLIC ROAD SURFACE, THE ROAD SURFACE SHALL BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AT THE END OF EACH DAY. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE ROADS BY SHOVELING OR SWEEPING AND TRANSPORTED TO A SEDIMENT CONTROL DISPOSAL AREA. STREET WASHING SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY AFTER SEDIMENT IS REMOVED IN THIS MANNER.	N/A	SHEET FLOW INSTALLATION (PERSPECTIVE VIEW) FLOW
8	ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS AFTER FINAL SITE STABILIZATION OR AFTER THE TEMPORARY MEASURES ARE NO LONGER NEEDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY THE LOCAL PROGRAM ADMINISTRATOR. TRAPPED SEDIMENT AND THE DISTURBED SOIL AREAS RESULTING FROM THE DISPOSITION OF TEMPORARY MEASURES SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED TO PREVENT FURTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.	SELF-EXPLANATORY	POINTS A SHOULD BE HIGHER THAN POINT B. DRAINAGEWAY INSTALLATION
9	PROPERTIES AND WATERWAYS DOWNSTREAM FROM DEVELOPMENT SITES SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENT DEPOSITION, EROSION AND DAMAGE DUE TO INCREASES IN VOLUME, VELOCITY AND PEAK FLOW RATE OF STORMWATER RUNOFF FOR THE STATED FREQUENCY STORM OF 24—HOUR DURATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE CRITERIA.	SEE PLANS & CALC'S	(FRONT ELEVATION) SOurce: Adopted from Installation of Strow and Fabric Filter Burders for Sediment Control VA. DSWC Sharmood & Wrest
	 a. Concentrated stormwater runoff leaving a development site shall be discharged directly into an adequate natural or man—made receiving channel, pipe or storm sewer system. For those sites where runoff is discharged into a pipe or pipe system, downstream stability analyses at the outfall of the pipe or pipe system shall be performed. b. Adequacy of all channels and pipes shall be verified in the following manner: The applicant shall demonstrate that the total drainage area to the point of analysis within the channel is one hundred times greater than the contributing drainage area of the project in question; or (2) (a) Natural channels shall be analyzed by the use of a two—year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop channel banks nor cause erosion of channel bed or banks; and 		
	 (b) All previously constructed man—made channels shall be analyzed by the use of a ten—year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop its banks and by the use of a two—year storm to demonstrate that stormwater will not cause erosion of channel bed or banks; and (c) Pipes and storm sewer systems shall be analyzed by the use of a ten—year storm to verify that stormwater will be 	·	
	contained within the pipe or system. c. If existing natural receiving channels or previously constructed man—made channels or pipes are not adequate, the applicant shall:	·	
	(1) Improve the channel to a condition where a ten—year storm will not overtop the banks and a two—year storm will not cause erosion to the channel bed or banks; or		
	(2) Improve the pipe or pipe system to a condition where the ten—year storm is contained within the appurtenances; or (3) Develop a site design that will not cause the pre—development peak runoff rate from a two—year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a natural channel or will not cause the pre—development peak runoff rate from a ten—year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a man—made channel; or		
	 (4) Provide a combination of channel improvement, stormwater detention or other measures which is satisfactory to the plan—approving authority to prevent downstream erosion. d. The applicant shall provide evidence of permission to make the improvements. e. All hydrologic analyses shall be based on the existing watershed characteristics and the ultimate development of the subject 		
	project. f. If the applicant chooses an option that includes stormwater detention he shall obtain approval from the locality of a plan for maintenance of the detention facilities. The plan shall set forth the maintenance requirements of the facility and the		
,	person responsible for performing the maintenance. g. Outfall from a detention facility shall be discharged to a receiving channel, and energy dissipators shall be placed at the outfall of all detention facilities as necessary to provide a stabilized transition from the facility to the receiving channel. h. All on—site channels must be verified to be adequate.		
I	I. Increased volumes of sheet flows that may cause erosion or sedimentation on adjacent property shall be diverted to a	į.	

k. All measures used to protect properties and waterways shall be employed in amanner which minimizes impacts on the

physical, chemical and biological integrity of rivers, streams and other waters of the state.







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Designed: AAS Drawn: AAS Checked: RRB

Approved: A Date: 6-3-13

|Project:

Sheet 5 of 5